CONDITIONALS (2)

107. Study the following information. Make notes.

UNREAL PAST				
The <i>Past Simple</i> can be used to talk about imaginary, unreal or improbable situations <i>in the present</i> and the <i>Past Perfect</i> can be used to refer to imaginary, unreal or improba-				
ble situations <i>in the past</i> . This use of the Past forms is called the Unreal Past. We use the				
Unreal Past as follows:				
PAST SIMPLE	PAST PERFECT			
Conditionals Type 2 (unreal in the	Conditionals Type 3 (unreal in the past)			
present)	If I had seen him, I would have told you.			
If I were you, I would pay.	wish (past)			
wish (present)	If only you had taken his advice when he			
I wish he were here now.	gave it.			
	I'd rather/sooner sb (past)			
I'd rather/sooner sb (present)	I'd rather you hadn't told all those lies.			
I'd rather you went now.				
as if/as though (untrue situation in	as if/as though (untrue situation in the past)			
as if/as though (untrue situation in present)	the <i>He hadn't been awarded the first prize but</i> <i>he behaved as if he had been awarded it.</i>			
He isn't French but he speaks French	-			
as if he were from France.				
it's (about/high) time				
It's time you retired .				
HAD BETTER = SHOULD				
I had better + p	resent bare infinitive (present/future			
	reference)			
We had better stop smoking. (= We				
It would have been better if + Past Perfect (past reference)				
It would have been better if you hadn't lied to her. (= You shouldn't have lied to her.)				
WOULD RATHER = I'D PREFER				
when the subject of would ra- I'd rather + Present bare infinitive				
ther is also the subject of the (present/futurereference) following verb Perfect have infinitive (past reference)				
following verbPerfect bare infinitive (past reference)I'd rather go to the shops tomorrow.				
I'd rather not have gone yesterday.				
1 a rainer not nave gone yesteraay.				

ture refer-		
Past Perfect (past reference)		
I'd rather you studied a little more.		
t.		

• prefer + gerund/noun + to + gerund/noun (general)

I prefer (watching) TV to (going to) the cinema.

• prefer + full infinitive + rather than + bare infinitive (general reference) I prefer to stay at home rather than go out.

• would prefer + full infinitive + rather than + bare infinitive (specific reference) *I'd prefer to write to him rather than call him.*

• would rather + bare infinitive + than + bare infinitive

I'd rather **buy** a new dress **than have** this one taken in.

108. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

1. I'd sooner you ...*did*... (do) something with your time rather than sit around all day.

2. He didn't win a prize, but he looked as though he... (win) one.

3. If you hadn't seen the car in time, it... (hit) you.

4. It's about time you... (go) on a holiday.

5. I'd rather you... (not/drive) so fast, Pat.

6. It would have been better if you... (tell) me the truth.

7. Sue went to France this year, but she says she would rather... (go) to Spain.

8. It's a shame you missed the party; I would rather you... (be) there.

9. John had better... (not/speak) to me like that again.

10. He says he'd rather... (cook) his own food than eat in restaurants.

11. I'd rather you ... (not/mention) this to anyone until next week.

12. Tim's mother would rather he ... (work) closer to home than he does.

13. The soup would have tasted better if you... (not/put) so much pepper in it.

14. Greg says he would rather ... (not/leave) things as they are.

15. She would prefer to meet you personally rather than \dots (talk) to you over the phone.

16. Sean prefers playing football to ... (watch) it.

17. Would you rather ... (write) in ink or in pencil?

18. Sheila prefers ... (get up) early in the morning rather than ... (oversleep).

19. Wouldn't you prefer to sit on this seat rather than... (stand) for the whole journey?

20. I wish I... (be) as good as you at mathematics.

21. It seemed as if he... (not/understand) the question.

22. I wouldn't have given him all that money if you... (not/advise) me to.

23. Crime will continue to rise unless more police... (be/put) on the streets.

24. If he... (play) better, he would have won the game.

25. I wish Jim... (not/move) to London last year as I hardly see him now.

26. If I... (be) in the post office 5 minutes earlier, I would have witnessed the robbery.

27. I wish I... (invite) more people to my fancy dress party last week.

28. If I... (not/be) afraid of heights, I would try parachuting.

29. If you... (not/let) her make her own decisions, she will never learn.

30. We'd better... (take) some money for a taxi in case we miss the last bus home.

109. Put the verbs in brackets into the appropriate form.

The young reporter walked up to the table where Dora Spangle was sitting and introduced himself.

"Miss Spangle, I'm Dan Quaid from 'Star International'." The actress smiled up at him charmingly.

"If I 1) ..*had known*... (know) you were coming, I'd have reserved a bigger table," she said.

"You're too kind," laughed Dan.

"You 2) ... (not/say) that if you knew what a huge appetite I have!" "Probably not," agreed Dora. "Now, I have to go in ten minutes. So, if I were you, I 3) ... (start) asking your questions."

"Very well. Do you have any regrets about retiring from acting?" asked Dan.

"Not about retiring," she replied. "But I do wish I 4) ... (play) the role of Cleopatra just once in my career."

"If someone 5) ... (offer) you the part now, would you take it?" "No, it's too late now. I've decided to retire and that's final." "What 6) ... (you/do) if you get bored?"

"Oh, there's no chance of that," she assured him. "I might get bored if I 7) ... (not/have) all my animals to look after, though."

"Do you ever wish you 8) ... (marry)?" Dan asked.

"Not really," she replied. "Although I probably 9) ... (marry) John Rogers if he had asked me," she added sadly.

"What if ..."

"I'm sorry," Dora interrupted. "I really must go now. It's time to feed my dogs and they get very upset if I 10) ... (be).

IMPLIED CONDITIONALS

110. An if-clause is not always stated; it is often implied and the rules for the verb usage are still followed in the result clause (main clause).

He committed the crime, otherwise he wouldn't have been arrested.(implied conditional)

If he hadn't committed the crime, he wouldn't have been arrested.

I would have stayed longer, *but he didn't ask me to*. (*implied conditional*)

I would have stayed longer if he had asked me to.

WISHES				
	Form	Use		
I wish (if only)	+ Past tense	wish/regret about a pre-		
(wish/regret about the present)		sent		
		situation we want to be different		
<i>I wish you worked</i> more efficiently. (It's a pity you don't work more efficiently.)				
I wish (if only)	+ could + bare	wish/regret in the pre-		
(wish/regret about the present)	infinitive	sent concerning lack of		
		ability		
I wish I could drive a car. (But I can't.)				
I wish (if only)	+ Past Perfect	regret that something		
(regret about the past)		happened or didn't		
		happen in the past		
I wish I had attended the seminar last Monday. (But I didn't. It's a pity I didn't attend it.)				

I wish (if only)	+ subject + would +	wish for a future
(impossible wish for a future	bare infinitive	change unlikely to
change)	a) "wish" and "would"	happen or wish to ex-
	should have different	press dissatisfaction;
	subjects. We never	polite request imply-
	say:	ing dissatisfaction or
	I wish I would, He	lack of hope
	wishes he would etc	
	b) wish + inanimate	
	subject + would	
	is used to express the	
	speaker's lack of hope	
	or disappointment	

I wish he would drive more carefully. (But I don't think he will. – wish for a future change unlikely to happen)

I wish the children would be more co-operative. (The children have refused to co-operate. – dissatisfaction)

I wish you would be more patient with Jim. (Please be more patient with him! – request implying lack of hope)

I wish it would stop raining. (*But I'm afraid it won't stop raining. – wish imply-ing disappointment*)

In wishes, we go **one tense back**. This means that we use the Past Simple in the present or the Past Perfect in the past.

He's ill. He wishes he weren't ill. (present)

I overslept yesterday. I wish I hadn't overslept yesterday. (past)

After **I wish** we can use **were** instead of was in all persons.

I wish I were richer.

If only means the same as I wish but it is more dramatic.

If only I were richer.

111. Write sentences as in the example:

1. You want to visit Australia but you're frightened of flying.

... I wish I weren't frightened of flying. If I weren't frightened of flying, I could/would visit Australia.

2. You wanted to go to the theatre but you couldn't find any tickets anywhere.

3. You wanted to ring Kelly but you lost her phone number.

4. You want to make a coffee but you've run out.

5. You want to go swimming but it's too cold.

6. You went on holiday; your camera was stolen.

112. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

A miner's life is a hard one. I wish it 1) ...weren't... (not/be) so dirty and unhealthy. I also wish we 2) ... (work) shorter hours and 3) ... (have) better working conditions. If only I 4) ... (not/leave) school so early. I wish I 5) ... (do) something else, but the only thing I know is mining. I'd prefer 6) ... (have) a job in the open air. There is nothing I'd rather 7) ... (do) than work on a farm, for example – all that fresh air and open space! I wish the owners 8) ... (make) my job a little safer. If only someone 9) ... (invent) a machine to go underground, then I wouldn't have to do it. And I wish people 10) ... (stop) complaining about how much money we earn because we deserve every penny we get. I wish I 11) ... (be) a young boy again and 12) ... (have) the chance to choose something else. My father was a miner, but I wish I 13) ... (not/decide) to follow in his footsteps. My son had better 14) ... (study) hard if he doesn't want to follow in mine!

113. Complete the following sentences with an appropriate conditional clause.

If I won £1,000,000, ... If you do well in the interview, ... If you had caught the bus, ... Should you see Jane tonight, ... Unless he gets a promotion, ... She would have gone to work ... Only if you save your money, ...

114. Complete the following sentences using the words in bold.

1. She would have stayed longer, but the babysitter needed to leave at 9.00.

not If the babysitter *had not needed to leave* at 9.00, she would have stayed longer.

2. We stopped at the service station. Otherwise, we would have run out of petrol.

not Ifat the service station, we would have run out of petrol.

3. I would have bought you a present but I didn't know that it was your birthday.

wish I..... it was your birthday; I would have bought you a present.

4. It's a pity I didn't read that book.

wish I..... that book.

5. Ann can organise the concert but somebody must help her.

helps Only if somebody..... the concert.

6. Helen would have lent you the money but you didn't ask her.

asked If..... she would have lent you the money.

7. I didn't finish my assignment because I came down with a terrible cold.

would If I hadn't come down with a terrible cold, my assignment.

8. I learnt to swim because you encouraged me.

never I..... to swim if you hadn't encouraged me.

9. Lee didn't drive me to the airport and as a result I missed my flight.

wish I me to the airport; I wouldn't have missed my flight.

10. Kate will move to London but she must find a job first.

finds Only if Kate..... move to London